#### Chemistry - Comparable Standard

Typical Analysis %	с	Si	Mn	Р	s	Cr	Ni	Мо	Cu
Minimum						15.0	3.0		3.0
Maximum	0.07	1.00	1.00	0.040	0.030	17.5	5.0	0.50	5.0

#### Description

630 UGIMA® is an improved machining martensitic precipitation hardenable grade produced only by Ugitech. It is identical in every way to standard type 630 (17-4), except with respect to machinability. The proprietary UGIMA® manufacturing process developed exclusively by Ugitech - results in a product that A dramatically increases productivity and tool life, and improves the surface finish on all types of machined parts.

630 UGIMA® provides a good combination of high strength corrosion resistance, and is often the best solution of stainless steel when high strength is required. Parts machined from solution treated bar stock should be heat treated or aged prior to use. No further heat treatment of machined parts is required when using 630 UGIMA® in one of the precipitation hardened conditions as specified.

630 UGIMA® delivers heat to heat consistency that is unsurpassed in the industry. Once an optimum set-up has been established, machinists can take advantage of increased machine efficiency rates (run "lights out production"). Also, crashes due to hard spots are a thing of the past. 630 UGIMA® can provide a significant competitive advantage for shops that demand efficient, high volume and reliable production.

## **Technical Datasheet**

#### Classification

Martensitic precipitation hardenable stainless steel. High strength, good overall corrosion resistance, and oxidation resistance in continuous service to 1200°F (650°C).

#### **Available Forms**

Cold drawn bars, Turned bars, Ground bars, Wire Please inquire for additional information on available shapes.

#### Characteristics

AISI 630 Type 630	UNS S17400
En 10088-3	ASTM A564
X5CrNiCuNB16.4	ASTM A484
1.4542	ASME SA-564
ASTM F899*	
*	

\*Not applicable in all situations, must be requested at time of order placement AMS 5643\*

\*Aerospace applications must be approved by mill

#### Mechanical Properties (Typical) \*\* Mechanicals up to 1" (incl.) (Solution Annealed)

Tensile Strength	140 - 200
Yield Strength (0.2%)	120 - 175
Elongation	10%
Reduction of Area	40%
Hardness	363 HBn max.

Condition A (turned bars) - this condition is considered most "brittle" and is not recommended. Please see UGITECH technical information sheet.



## **Technical Datasheet**

#### Mechanicals > 1" (Solution Annealed)

Tensile Strength	120 - 175	F
Yield Strength (0.2%)	90 - 160	``
Elongation	10%	۲ /
Reduction of Area	50%	
Hardness	363 HBn	6

#### **Magnetic and Electrical Properties**

Typical Magnetic Permeability: Magnetic in all conditions.

#### Electrical Resistivity:

Solution treated: 32  $\mu\Omega$  - in (800  $\mu\Omega$  - mm) @ 68°F (20°C) – Overage condition: 28  $\mu\Omega$  - in (720  $\mu\Omega$  - mm)

#### **Physical Properties (Typical)**

Density	0.280 lbs/in <sup>3</sup> (7.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> )
Round bar weight per ft	10.55 X (1⁄2 bar diameter in inches)²
(lbs)	
Hexagonal bar weight	2.91 X (bar diameter in inches) <sup>2</sup>
per ft (lbs)	
Square bar weight per	3.36 X (bar diameter in inches) <sup>2</sup>
ft (lbs)	
Mean Coefficient of	68-392 °F (20-200 °C) = 6.0 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
Linear Expansion	in/in/°F (10.8 x 10 <sup>−</sup> 6cm/cm/°C)
Modulus of Elasticity	28.6 x 10⁻⁰ psi (197,000 MPa)
in Tension	
Thermal Conductivity	19.8 Btu/ft/hr/ °F (17.0 W/m/ °C)
	@68 °F (20 °C)

### Applications

Fasteners	Shafts
Valve Bodies	Valves
Valve Trim	Fittings and Machined parts
Medical devices	Aircraft components
Not recommended for vessels co	ntaining liquid or gasses at high pressures

#### **Corrosion Resistance**

**630 UGIMA**® has excellent overall corrosion resistance, with performance similar to type 304 in most corrosive environments. Due to its special metallurgical structure, **630 UGIMA**® is highly resistant to intergranular corrosion, erosion corrosion, and stress corrosion cracking, as well as corrosion fatigue.

The corrosion resistance of a stainless steel depends on many factors related to the composition of the corrosive element, pH, temperature, velocity, agitation, services, deposits, dissimilar metal contact, metallurgical condition, as well as the preparation of the surface. The table provided on the next page is for comparative purposes only and illustrates the performance in different environments. Consult your local **Swiss Steel USA** metallurgist to discuss your application.

Optimum corrosion resistance requires that parts be smooth, and free from surface contamination such as cutting fluid and foreign particles. Under these conditions, parts will be passive in the air. If passivation is required, the following treatment is recommended:

Solution: 50% nitric acid + 2 - 6 wt. sodium dichromate at 70-120°F (20 - 50°C).

Treatment: Immerse for short duration, followed by thorough rinsing to remove all residual solution.



### **Technical Datasheet**

#### Forging (Hot Working)

Following conditions are recommended for forging 630 UGIMA®:

Slow heating to  $1475^{\circ}F(800^{\circ}C)$ , then more rapidly to  $2100-2190^{\circ}F(1150 - 1200^{\circ}C)$ 

Forge in the range of 1740 - 2190°F (950-1200°C)

After forging, cool in air, water or oil

#### Hardenability (Cold Working)

Hardenable by heat treatment to many different conditions (see the table "ranges for **630 UGIMA®** in various precipitation hardened (aged) conditions"). Strength and hardness increase upon cold work such as drawing, forming, or machining, but workability is limited due to high solution treated yield strength.

Environment	Behavior
Nitric Acid	●●●○
Humidity	••••
Phosphoric Acid	0000 Restricted
NaCI (Saline Mist)	●●●0
Sulfuric Acid	OOOO Restricted
Seawater	●●00
Acetic Acid	●●00
Petroleum	0000 Restricted

It is important to note, maintaining corrosion resistance at weld zones will require cleaning and passivation.

#### Welding

**630 UGIMA®** can be readily welded without preheating, and with or without filler metal, using most standard welding techniques such as TIG, MIG, laser, resistance, and electron beam welding. If filler metal is used, the proper choice depends on the mechanical property requirements of the weld itself. If the joint is to have the

same mechanical properties as the base metal, then the wire or electrodes should be of the same composition as the base metal (AWS E630/ER630), and a Post Weld Heat Treatment (PWHT) must be done on the weld to obtain a precipitation hardening (PWHT conditions depending on the mechanical characteristics to be reached). If not, then AWS E308L or ER308LSi can be used. A suggested protective gas for MIG welding is Ar + 1%CO<sub>2</sub> or 1-2% O<sub>2</sub>.

Gases containing hydrogen or nitrogen should be avoided.

#### Heat Treatment

The heat treatment (solution treatment) that gives **630 UGIMA®** its normal properties including heating at 1900°F (1040°C) for sufficient time to allow for full austenitization, followed by rapid cooling (air quenching for thicker sections, and oil quenching for thinner sections). **630 UGIMA®** can be precipitation hardened (aged) to different hardness ranges for different applications. The process involves solution treatment per above, followed by precipitation hardening (aging) treatment depending on final properties required. Material will contract upon hardening solution treated material at the following rates: H900 – 0.0004-0.0006 in/in, H1150 – 0.0009-0.0012 in/in. Contact your local **Swiss Steel USA** Metallurgist with specific concerns.

#### Machineability

The key to **630 UGIMA®** lies in the process. A special melting practice (deoxidation) eliminates the hard and abrasive inclusions that prevent machinability. With this technology, hard and abrasive phases are replaced by highly specific inclusions that actually benefit machinability. Due to their lower melting points, these inclusions are soft and malleable at machining temperatures, and act as "solid" lubrication for the cutting tools. The result is better tool life, improved surface finish, and excellent chip breakability.



## **Technical Datasheet**

### CONDITION AND HEAT TREATMENT

Condition	H900	H1025	H1075	H1150	H1150M
Aging Temp °F (°C)	900 (480)	1025 (550)	1075 (580)	1150 (620)	1400 (760) + 1150 (620)
Time Hours	1.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.0 / 4.0
Quench Media	Air Cool	Air Cool	Air Cool	Air Cool	Air Cool
TYPICAL MECHANICAL PROF	PERTY RANGES				
Tensile Strength ksi (Mpa) min.	190 (1310)	155 (1070)	145 (1000)	135 (930)	115 (795)
Yield Strength ksi (Mpa) min.	170 (1170)	145 (1000)	125 (860)	105 (725)	75 (520)
% Elongation in 2 in. or 4D min.	10	12	13	16	18
% Reduction of Area min.	35	45	45	50	55
Hardness HRC/BHN min.	40 (388)	35 (331)	32 (331)	28 (277)	24 (255)
Impact Charpy-V ft.lb (J) min.	—	15 (20)	20 (22)	30 (41)	55 (75)

HSS TOOLING

COATED CARBIDE TOOLS

Machining	Metallurgical	Depth of cut	Cutting	Feed (ipr)	Type of Tool	Cutting	Feed (ipr)	Type of Tool
Operations	Condition	or width (in.)	Speed SFPM			Speed SFPM		
Turning	Solution-	0.04	65-90	0.004-0.010	M2-M3 (T15)	220-630	0.004-0.010	C6/C7
	Treated/	0.08	65-85	0.004-0.012		190-575	0.004-0.012	C6
	Cold Drawn	0.12	55-80	0.005-0.015		175-550	0.005-0.015	C5/C6
	H1150/	0.04	60-80	0.004-0.010		180-550	0.004-0.010	C6/C7
	Cold Drawn	0.08	55-75	0.004-0.012		165-495	0.004-0.012	C6
		0.12	45-70	0.005-0.015		150-440	0.005-0.015	C5/C6
	Solution-	0.04	95-120	0.004-0.010		245-890	0.004-0.010	C6/C7
	Treated	0.08	75-100	0.004-0.012		205-840	0.004-0.012	C6
		0.12	65-85	0.015-0.025		175-630	0.015-0.025	C5/C6
	H1150	0.04	85-105	0.004-0.010		210-735	0.004-0.010	C6/C7
		0.08	65-90	0.004-0.012		180-660	0.004-0.012	C6
		0.12	55-80	0.015-0.025		140-625	0.015-0.025	C5/C6
Forming	Solution-	0.06	65-90	0.002-0.004	M2-M3 (T15)	220-575	0.002-0.004	C6/C7
	Treated/	0.25	65-85	0.004-0.006		190-505	0.004-0.006	C6
	Cold Drawn	0.50	55-80	0.003-0.005		160-330	0.003-0.005	C5/C6
	H1150/	0.06	60-80	0.002-0.004		150-505	0.002-0.004	C6/C7
	Cold Drawn	0.25	55-75	0.004-0.006		165-595	0.004-0.006	C6
		0.50	45-70	0.003-0.005		140-295	0.003-0.005	C5/C6



## **Technical Datasheet**

			HSS TOOLI	NG	(	COATED CARBIDE TOOLS			
Machining Operations	Metallurgical Condition	Depth of cut or width (in.)	Cutting Speed SFPM	Feed (ipr)	Type of Tool	Cutting Speed SFPM	Feed (ipr)	Type of Tool	
Forming	Solution- Treated	0.06 0.25	95-120 75-100	0.003-0.005		270-630 220-575	0.002-0.004	/C7 C6	
	H1150	0.50 0.06 0.25	65-85 85-105 65-90	0.003-0.005 0.003-0.005 0.004-0.005	M2-M3 (T15)	175-375 225-580 180-505	0.003-0.005 0.002-0.004 0.004-0.006	C5/C6 C6/C7 C6	
Cut-Off or	Solution-	0.50	55-80 65-90	0.003-0.005	M2 M2 (T15)	165-325 135-345	0.003-0.005	C5/C6 C6	
Part-Off Treat	Treated/	0.08	65-85	0.001-0.002	1012-1013 (1113)	150-425	0.0015-0.002	C6	
	Cold Drawn H1150/	0.12	55-80 60-80	0.0015-0.003 0.0005-0.0015		160-495 125-325	0.0015-0.003 0.0005-0.0015	C6 C6	
	Cold Drawn	0.08 0.12	55-75 45-70	0.001-0.002 0.0015-0.003		140-340 150-355	0.0015-0.002 0.0015-0.003	C6 C6	
	Solution- Treated	0.04 0.08	90-120 75-100	0.001-0.002 0.0015-0.003		160-550 205-645	0.001-0.003 0.0015-0.004	C6 C5/C6	
	H1150	0.12 0.08 0.12	65-85 75-105 65-90	0.002-0.004 0.001-0.002 0.0015-0.003		220-635 150-425 165-430	0.002-0.006 0.001-0.003 0.0015-0.004	C5/C6 C6 C5/C6	
		0.25	55-80	0.002-0.004		201-495	0.002-0.006	C5/C6	
Drilling	All	0.0625 0.125 0.25	35-100 35-100 35-100	0.001-0.002 0.002-0.005 0.004-0.006	M2 (TiN Coated	d)194-335 194-335 194-335	0.002-0.006 0.004-0.010 0.004-0.011	C5-C6 or C3 TiN Coated	
		0.5 0.75	35-100 35-100	0.006-0.010 0.008-0.012		194-335 194-335	0.005-0.011 0.006-0.012		
Tapping	All	All	20-70		M2-M7 (TiN C	oated)			



## **Technical Datasheet**

machine and cutting conditions.

The use of coated tools increase the tool life by 20% to 50% using the same cutting parameters, or it increases the cutting conditions (speed) by 10 % to 15 % using the same tool wear.

Tooling grades in parenthesis denote alternate tool material For additional information, please contact your Swiss Steel USA choice.

Drill speeds were developed for 118° drills. Increase speeds 10%-20% with use of 130° to 140° angle drills.

Drill cutting conditions are valid for hole depths up to 4 times diameter.

The table values are initial suggestions and can vary depending on Machining speeds apply to highly rigid equipment. Reductions may be necessary on cross slide operations or less rigid equipment.

When using C1, C2 or C3 carbides, reduce speeds by 25%-40%.

Aggressive chip breaking tools is highly suggested.

Technical Support at the Corporate Office: +1 800 323 1233.

#### **General Note**

All statements regarding the properties or utilization of the materials or products mentioned are for the purpose of description only. Guarantees regarding the existence of certain properties or a certain utilization are only valid if agreed upon in writing.



## **Technical Datasheet**

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